

# EARTHQUAKES AND TSUNAMIS

# HIGH SCHOOL TEACHER'S GUIDEBOOK

SERVICIO HIDROGRAFICO Y OCEANOGRAFICO DE LA ARMADA DE CHILE INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION INTERNATIONAL TSUNAMI INFORMATION CENTER

SC-97/WS/19

#### **EARTHQUAKES AND TSUNAMIS**

#### HIGH SCHOOL TEXTBOOK

#### Teacher's Guide

#### **CHAPTER 1**

#### "OUTSIDE AND INSIDE THE EARTH"

#### 1.1.- CHARACTERISTICS OF THE EARTH

#### A.- SHAPE AND DIMENSIONS OF THE EARTH

**SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE**: Describe and identify the shape and dimensions of the earth.

#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

- Compare characteristics and general conditions of planet earth with other planets of the solar system.
- Compare different terrestrial measurements (radius, diameter, perimeter), both radial and polar. Calculate the percentage difference. Make a drawing of the earth or something of similar shape and apply the percentage difference.

#### B.- DISTRIBUTION OF OCEANS AND CONTINENTS.

**SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE**: Describe and locate the oceans and continents. Describe the general topographic features of the sea bottom.

#### SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

- Compare the measurements and characteristics of the different oceans and compare them with the continents' measurements.
- Locate different trenches and ridges of the oceans, especially those in the Pacific Ocean.

#### 1.2.- INTERNAL STRUCTURE OF THE EARTH

#### A.- SEISMIC WAVES

**SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE**: Describe seismic waves generation and propagation, and show classification.

#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

- Find out and write an article with the style of a magazine report about Jules Verne and his work "Journey to the center of the earth".
- Visit an oceanographic, geographic or seismological center where you can see a seismograph in operation.
- Analyze, make a graph, and compare the different types of seismic waves.
- Invent some kind of representation of seismic waves, utilizing springs, wooden cubes, dominoes, etc. giving them some kind of force to simulate their action.

#### **B.- LAYERS OF THE EARTH**

**SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE:** List, describe and compare the earth's layers.

#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

- Compare both types of classification of the layers of the earth, making a comparative drawing or table.
- Work with different density materials (mixtures of soil and water, clay, brick pieces) to show how the earth's layers behave according to their viscosity.

#### SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY

- Create work groups to develop different activities. Use questions/problems from the textbook.

- Nurture in your students a creative and critical spirit when dealing with the different subjects.
- Distribute the subjects among the students, to be treated in groups or individually, and present the results in front of the class.
- Analyze and discuss the reports provided at the end of each chapter. Obtain and discuss personal accounts of personal or general experiences from other information sources.

#### **CORRECTION GUIDELINES FOR CHAPTER TEST**

A VOCABULARY:	B MULTIPLE CHOICE
1 C	1 B
2 D	2 B
3 F	3 B
4 B	4 B
5 A	5 D
6 I	6 C
7 E	7 A
8 J	8 C
9 H 10 G	

#### SUPPORT MATERIAL FOR TRANSPARENCIES

Use the attached diagrams to make your transparencies. You can transfer drawings by tracing them with transparency pencils or by photocopying them. You can then color the transparencies if you wish.

#### **CHAPTER 2**

#### THE EARTH'S CRUST ON THE MOVE

#### 2.1.- THE JIGSAW PUZZLE OF THE CONTINENTS.

**SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE:** Explain the meaning of continental drift.

#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

- Cut out the map of the world and assemble the jigsaw puzzle of the continents, bringing together the pieces that fit. Compare this "continent" with different representations of Pangaea.
- Use library sources to create a biographical sketch of Alfred Wegener.

#### 2.2.- DISCOVERIES IN THE OCEAN

**SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE**: Identify the evidence for sea floor spreading.

#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

- On a map, locate oceanic trenches and ridges (activity chapter 1), and include tectonic plates, show the direction they move and identify them by their location and name.
- Make a drawing (a profile) showing how close the continental ridges are to the oceanic trenches.

#### 2.3.- PLATE TECTONICS, A NEW THEORY

**SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE:** Compare three types of plate boundaries.

- Cut out a map by the plate boundaries, noting these could contain continental and oceanic crust. Displace the plates in the direction they move. Note what this means for continental masses.
- Locate on a plate tectonics map the different types of plate boundaries.

#### 2.4.- FORCES STRONG ENOUGH TO MOVE PLATES

**SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE**: Describe two forces that could cause the movement of the plates.

#### SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

- Boil water in a glass pan under low heat, and slowly add coloring in order to see the convection currents. Compare this phenomenon with that described in the textbook in reference to tectonic plates.
- Analyze the report "To lubricate the earth". Comment on it as a group. Compare it with the report in Chapter 1 "Animals predict earthquakes". Have the group compile a list of ideas.
- Compare the different forces described in the textbook: convection, plumes in the mantle, hot spots. Establish relationships and differences between them.

#### **GENERAL METHODOLOGICAL SUGGESTION**

- Use the questions/problems section to encourage participation and creativeness.

#### **CORRECTION GUIDELINES FOR CHAPTER TEST**

Α_	VOCABULARY:	R -	MULTIPLE	CHOICE
/٦	VUCADULANI.	D 1	1910ETT LE	

1 E	1 B
2 D	2 B
3 G	3 A
4	4 B
5 A	5 <b>A</b>
6 B	6 B
7 C	7 D
8 F	8 A
9 B	9 B

#### **CHAPTER 3**

#### "SEISMICITY OF THE EARTH AND VOLCANOES"

#### 3.1. EARTHQUAKES

#### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:**

- Explain existing relationships between faults, earthquakes and plate boundaries, showing the geographical distribution of the seismic events.
- Explain how scientist use seismic waves to locate an earthquake's epicenter.

#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

- Locate seismic zones and active volcanoes on a map of the country and see the relationships they have with plates and trenches.
- Locate on a world map the aseismic continental and oceanic zones.
- Develop the activity "Locating an earthquake". It can be worked as group activity changing the scale from centimeters to decimeters and using a big sheet of paper.

#### 3.2. MAGMA AND LAVA

#### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:**

- Contrast the formation of intrusive and extrusive rocks.
- Describe four types of volcanic cones.

- Get different types of volcanic rocks and compare them in weight, texture, color, and shape. make a collection of rock samples.
- Identify and draw the volcanic cone types that are found in your country. Analyze their origin.
- Develop the activity "Earthquakes and volcanoes" in small working groups.

#### **CORRECTION GUIDELINES FOR CHAPTER TEST**

#### A.- VOCABULARY

8.- G 9.- B

#### **B.- MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1 6	1 6
1 C	1 C
2 A	2 A
3 E	3 B
4 H	4 C
5 D	5 A
61	6 B
7 F	

#### **CHAPTER 4**

#### "TSUNAMIS"

#### 4.1. WHAT IS A TSUNAMI?

#### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE:**

- Describe the tsunami waves.

- Get a "documented" report or video about the phenomenon tsunami, and analyze the concepts given there with the acquired knowledge through the textbook.
- Throw a stone into a bucket of water and watch the generation and rebound of waves. Associate this effect with the phenomenon tsunami.

#### 4.2. WHAT CAUSES A TSUNAMI?

#### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:**

- Explain the origin of the phenomenon's name.
- Define generation mechanisms.

#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

- Make a list of the different terms or expressions used to define the phenomenon tsunami.
- Relate the occurrence of an earthquake with tsunami generation. Provide an example.
- Make a list of known tsunamis specifying the cause of each.

#### 4.3. GENERATION OF TSUNAMIS

#### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE:**

- Define tsunami transformations from their origin zone.

#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

- Annotate the differences between a distant and a local tsunami.
- Relate tsunami occurrence with magnitude value and location of an earthquake.

#### 4.4. TSUNAMI PROPAGATION

#### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE:**

- Describe tsunami propagation and wave transformations.

- Determine how long it takes for a tsunami generated in Japan, traveling at different speeds (600, 700, or 850 km/hr) to cross the Pacific Ocean and reach Chile.
- Compare tsunami wave diffraction and refraction, from the acoustic and optical point of view.

#### 4.5. COASTAL EFFECTS

#### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE:**

- Describe tsunami coastal effects.

#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

- Using different materials (sand, clay, stones, etc.) simulate coastal relief in a large tray with water. Produce different wave effects and watch their behavior. Record and compare observations.
- If possible, visit a beach and observe the effects of waves.

#### 4.6. THE TSUNAMI WARNING SYSTEM

#### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE:**

- describe the Tsunami Warning System.

#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

- List participating countries in the Tsunami Warning System of the Pacific.
- Describe the operation of the Tsunami Warning System.

#### **CORRECTION GUIDELINES FOR CHAPTER TEST**

A VOCABULARY	B MULTIP	LE CHOICE
1 C 2 D	1 D 2 B	5 C 6 A
3 E	3 D	7 D
4 A 5 B	4 B	8 B

# CHAPTER 5 "SEISMICITY OF THE COUNTRY"

#### 5.1. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SEISMICITY

#### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE:**

- Describe the characteristics of earthquake occurrences in your country.

#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITY:**

- Locate on a map of your country tectonic plates affecting the country, as well as the trenches, faults and types of plate boundaries.

#### **5.2. SEISMIC REGIONALIZATION**

#### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:**

- Determine the ways in which seismic activity occurs in different parts of your country.
- Describe historical seismic occurrences in your country.

- Show in regional maps the following features:
- a) Seismic activity during 18th, 19th and 20th centuries.
- b) Seismic activity of magnitude greater than 7.5.
- c) Seismic activity producing big tsunamis.

#### **CHAPTER 6**

#### "EARTHQUAKE AND TSUNAMI PROTECTION MEASURES"

#### 6.1. WHAT TO DO BEFORE AN EARTHQUAKE.

**SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE**: Describe how to be prepared for the occurrence of a big earthquake.

#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

- "Brainstorm" for ideas: encourage students to develop an action plan prior to the occurrence of an earthquake. In groups, approach this phenomenon at different locations (home, school, movies, street, etc.).
- Prepare a family strategy for an earthquake and/or tsunami.
- Make a list of basic first aid elements.
- Recognize dangerous places and situations in case of an earthquake.
- Form collaborative groups for evacuation of small children.

#### 6.2. WHAT TO DO DURING THE SHAKING - DON'T PANIC.

**SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE**: describe actions to take during a big earthquake to be safe from its effects.

#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

- "Brainstorm" for ideas: develop specific strategies related to the family and the class.

#### 6.3. WHAT TO DO AFTER THE SHAKING STOPS - STAY CALM.

**SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE:** describe actions to do after the occurrence of a big earthquake.

#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

- Practice evacuation procedures.
- Evaluate and correct detected deficiencies.

#### 6.4. WHAT TO DO IN CASE OF A TSUNAMI.

**SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE**: describe actions to take in case of a tsunami.

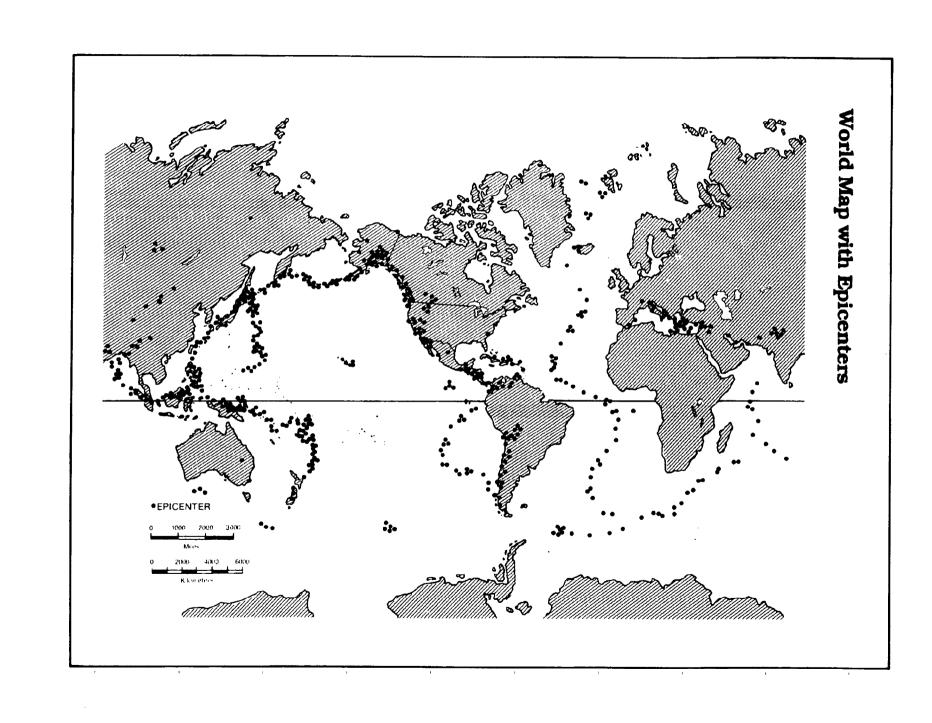
#### **SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

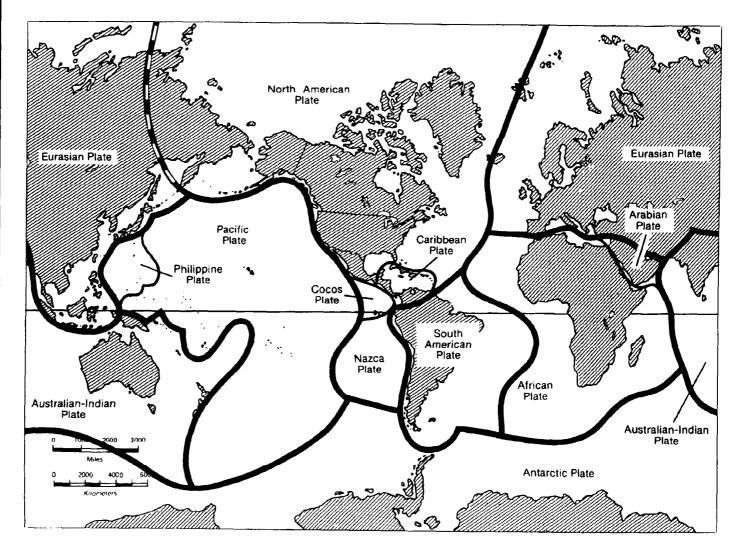
- "Brainstorm" for ideas: encourage students to make an action plan prior the occurrence of a tsunami. In groups, approach this phenomenon at different locations (home, school, movies, street, etc.).
- Prepare a family strategy for a tsunami occurrence.
- Make a list of basic first aid elements.
- Recognize dangerous places and situations in case of a tsunami.
- Form collaborative groups for evacuation of small children.

#### **CORRECTION GUIDELINES FOR CHAPTER TEST**

#### A.- MULTIPLE CHOICE

- 1.- D
- 2.- B
- 3.- C
- 4.- C
- 5.- B

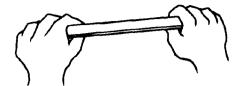




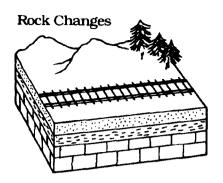
# A Pizza the Earth Name \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Label each layer. 2. Color each layer a different color.

### **Elastic Rebound**

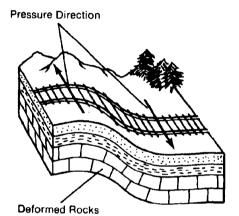
Stick Changes



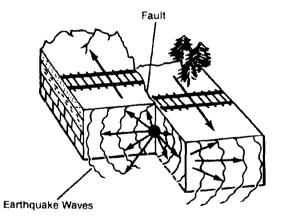
Original position with no strain on sticks and rocks



Buildup of potential energy in bent stick and deformed rocks

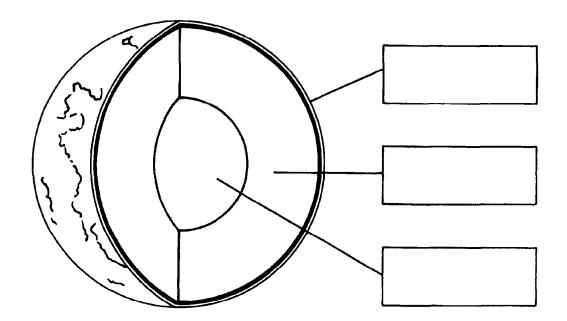


Breaking stick and rocks produces break (fault) and energy release or earthquake



Layers	of	the	Earth
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Name\_\_\_\_\_



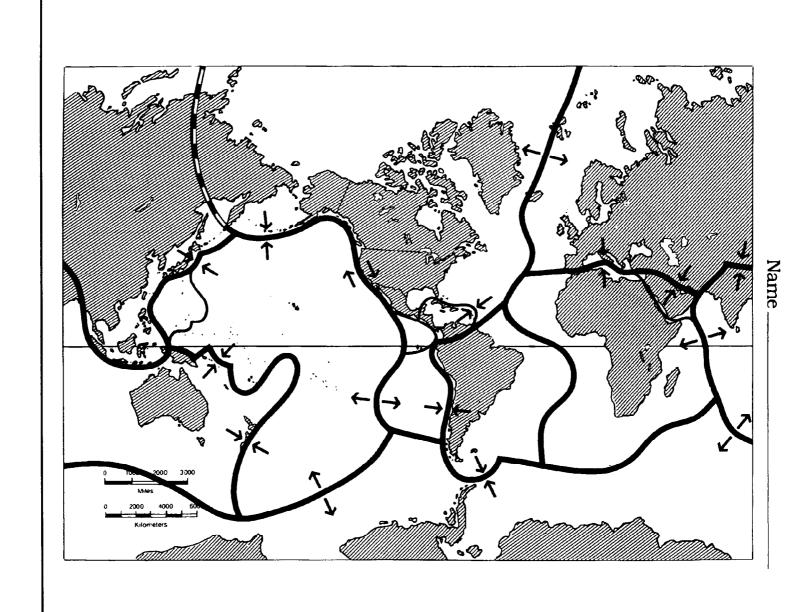
- 1. Color the layers of the Earth.
- 2. Cut out the words and paste them in the correct boxes.

Crust

Mantle

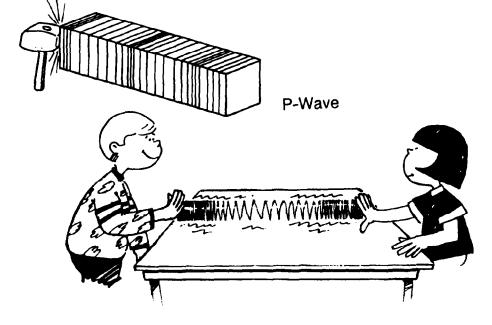
Core

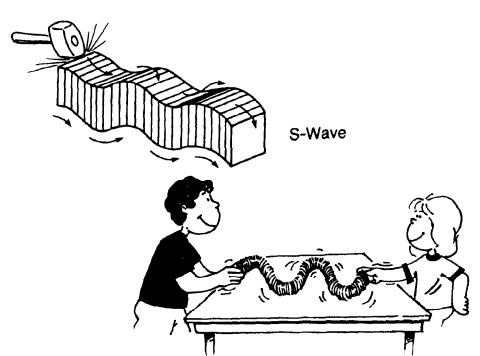
# Plate Boundaries Map



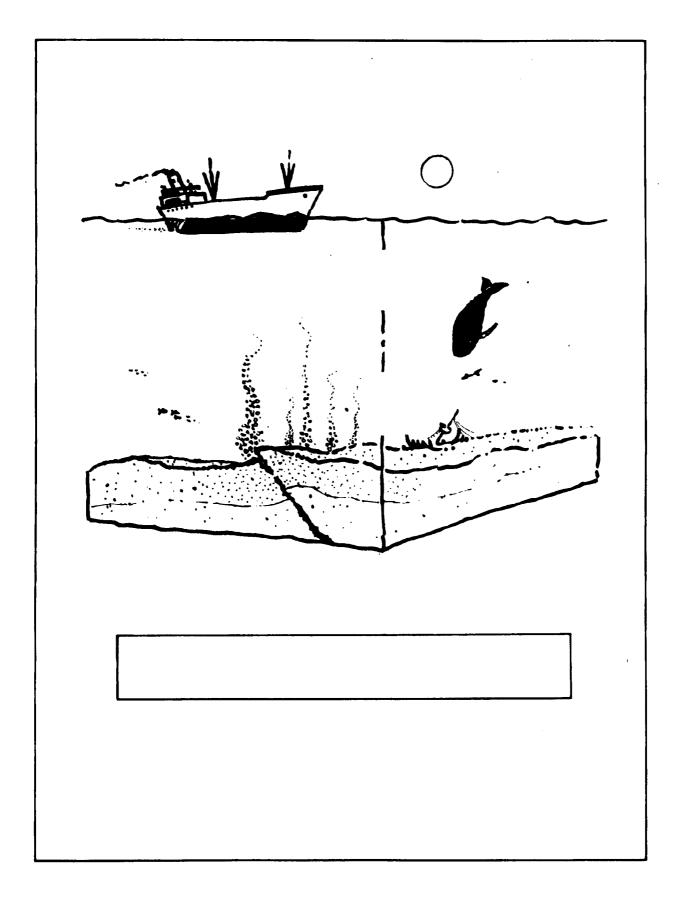
# Seismographs **Support Moves** This Heavy Weight Does Not Move Rotating Drum with Recording Paper Ring Stand Drum Moves Pencil Taped to Brick So That Point Touches Ring Clamp Concrete Base Base Moves **Bedrock** Earth Moves, Horizontal Motion Counterweight (bricks) **Support Moves Spring Flexes** This Weight Does Not Move Hinge Base Moves, Vertical Motion

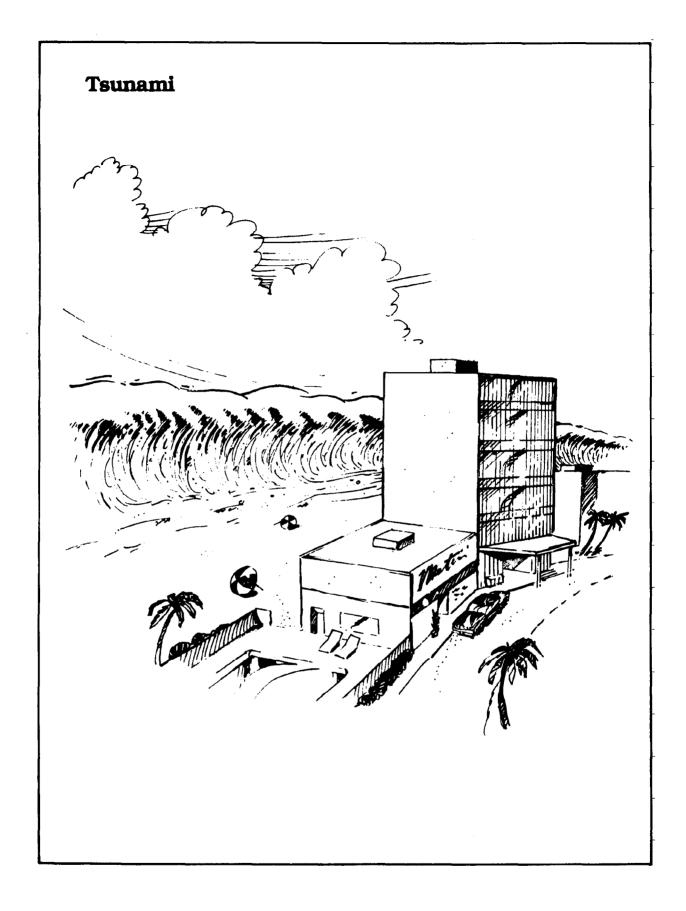
## P-Wave Motion and S-Wave Motion













### Home Hazard Hunt Worksheet



☐ 1. china cabinet



Name.

5. hanging plant



☐ 2. tall knickknack shelves



6. mirror on wall



3. bookshelves



7. heavy objects on wall shelves



4. tall, heavy table lamp



8. window air conditioner

Name		
9. hanging lamp or chandelier	☐ 13. heavy picture above bed	
10. unsecured TV or cart with wheels  11. bed by big window	14. hanging light above bed  15. cabinet doors not fastened	
12. heavy objects on shelves above bed	☐ 16. medicine cabinet doors not fastened	

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	Name
☐ 17. fireplace bricks	20. gas stove with rigid feed line
☐ <b>18.</b> unattached water heater	21. heavy wall clock
□ 19. chimney	22. house not bolted to foundation

## **Drop and Cover**



- 2. Crouch under a desk or table.
- **3.** Put both hands on the back of your neck and tuck your head down.
- **4.** If the desk or table moves, hold the legs and move with it.